Financial Statements December 31, 2019

VICTORIA MWANGI, CPA dba VM ACCOUNTING SERVICES

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement of Activities	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Statement of Functional Expenses	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7-19

Victoria W. Mwangi, CPA dba VM Accounting Services

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 9, 2020

Board of Directors Kids for the Kingdom, Inc. Graton, California

I have audited the accompanying statements of **Kids for the Kingdom, Inc.** (a California not-for-profit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of activities, cash flows and functional expenses for the year. then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT November 9, 2020 Page Two

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kids for the Kingdom, Inc. as of December 31, 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Victoria Mwangi, CPA

dba VM Accounting Services.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68,768
Investments	"	3,412,706
Total current assets		3,481,474
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments, endowment		52,170,728
Office furniture and equipment, net		5,227
office farmetic and equipment, net		52,175,955
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	55,657,429
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURREN'T LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	31,330
Accrued employee expenses	Ψ	11,270
Total current liabilities		42,600
Total current habinues		42,000
NET ASSETS		
Without donor restrictions		3,357,208
With donor restrictions		52,257,621
		55,614,829
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	55,657,429

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		Total	
REVENUES AND SUPPORT Contributions	\$	119,323	\$	110,388	\$	229,711
Bequest	φ	119,323	Ψ	37,170,455	φ	37,170,455
Investment income, net		562,067		931,574		1,493,641
Net assets released from restriction		3,606,627		(3,606,627)		-
		4,288,017		34,605,790		38,893,807
EXPENSES						
Programs		731,876		-		731,876
Supporting Services Administration and general		119,243				119,243
		851,119				851,119
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		3,436,898		34,605,790		38,042,688
NET ASSETS, beginning of year		(79,690)		17,651,831		17,572,141
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	3,357,208	\$	52,257,621	\$	55,614,829

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net assets	\$ 38,042,688
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	
to cash flows provided by operating activities,	
Depreciation	764
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	(652,909)
Decrease in current assets:	
Bequest receivable	15,000,000
Investment income receivable	2,564,239
Increase in current liabilities in:	
Accounts payable	20,668
Accrued employee expense	 7,930
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	54,983,380
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES,	
Proceeds from sale of investments	662,188
Purchase of investments	(55,592,713)
Acquisition of fixed assets	 (5,521)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(54,936,046)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	47,334
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	21,434
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 68,768
INTEREST EXPENSE	\$

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	P	rograms	ninistration General	Fund	draising	 2019 Total
Wages	\$	138,212	\$ 80,580	\$	-	\$ 218,792
Employee benefits		31,633	7,576		-	39,209
Payroll taxes		10,807	5,814		-	16,621
Grants		397,907	-		-	397,907
Marketing		51,132	901		-	52,033
Travel		23,364	-		-	23,364
Office supplies & expenses		16,665	11,325		-	27,990
Insurance		3,890	-		-	3,890
Miscellaneous		-	600		-	600
Occupancy		10,430	5,291		-	15,721
Repairs & maintenance		6,697	3,325		-	10,022
Professional development		-	1,086		-	1,086
Membership & dues		2,632	1,726		-	4,358
Professional services		_	30,138		-	30,138
Communications		4,922	2,102		-	7,024
Bank & credit card charges		141	1,459		-	1,600
Depreciation		-	764		-	764
Allocated costs		33,444	 (33,444)			
Total	\$	731,876	\$ 119,243		-	\$ 851,119

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. Nature of business and significant accounting policies

a. Kids for the Kingdom, Inc. (the Organization) is a non-profit organization whose mission is to transform the living conditions and spiritual lives of children and families, especially in third-world and war-torn countries, so that they can transform their nations for Christ.

Programs

The Organization's primary purposes and objectives are to provide support for Christian nationals (indigenous workers) and foreign NGO's (non-government organizations) committed to meeting the physical and spiritual needs of children and families around the world, especially in third-world countries, war-torn nations, and disaster sites, including such activities as the provision of food, medicines, medical services, clothing, blankets, education, schools, Bible training, vocational-training, micro-enterprise loans, and the fulfilling of the Great Commission and spreading of the work of God as described in the Bible.

Program Accomplishments

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization provided funding, logistical support and oversight for the following programs:

- <u>China</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 798 children, widows, and families including orphan care, handicapped and widow care services, education and school services, and distribution of blankets, medicines, and food. For security reasons exact location of the project is not published. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in China during 2019 was \$5,487.
- <u>El Salvador</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 713 children, widows, and families including feeding and nutrition programs, Bible Clubs, and job-training in San Salvador, Cangrejera, and Quezalapa. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in El Salvador during 2019 was \$7,185.
- Germany The Organization provided and delivered services to 670 children, widows, and families including children's Bible Clubs, Youth Clubs, community outreach, summer camp experience, job-training, food distribution in Hellersdorf-East Berlin. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Germany during 2019 was \$9,970.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. <u>Nature of business and significant accounting policies</u> (Cont.)

- Ghana The Organization provided and delivered services to 1,646 children, widows, and families including feeding programs, job-training programs, Bible Clubs, medical clinic, community water project. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Ghana during 2019 was \$21,473.
- Guatemala The Organization provided and delivered services to 92,128 children, widows, and families including operation of medical clinic, dental clinics, schools, job-training, feeding (breakfast) program, nutrition programs, sports training, family counseling, community pharmacy, and eye clinic in Guatemala City and Zacapa. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Guatemala during 2019 was \$7,746.
- India The Organization provided and delivered services to 6,142 children, widows, and families including Bible Clubs and hot dinner/lunch feeding programs in sixty-eight locations throughout Chennai, Manapakkam, Nandambakkam, Coimbatore, Bhopal, Erode, Salem, and Maduravoil: job-training programs, income-generation projects, tuition centers, Christmas outreach programs, and outreach to poor and needy. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in India during 2019 was \$43,234.
- Kenya The Organization provided and delivered services to 55,055 children, widows, and families including operation and maintenance of community water wells and systems throughout the Nakuru Region; job-training and self-sufficiency programs; feeding programs, Bible Clubs, health clinic, immunization programs, mercy projects, and children's homes in Nakuru and Nairobi. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Kenya during 2019 was \$52,466.
- <u>Malawi</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 9,663 children, widows, and families including education, feeding, skill-training, and mercy projects in Lilongwe. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Malawi during 2019 was \$13,048.
- Nepal The Organization provided and delivered services to support and help construct a new orphanage for 45 children as well as provide community outreach programs in the local area. Total cash grant funding to support this work in Nepal during 2019 was \$1,925.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. <u>Nature of business and significant accounting policies</u> (Cont.)

- <u>Nicaragua</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 573 children, widows, and families including orphanages, job-training programs, ethics classes, operation of schools, feeding programs, micro-enterprise loan project, business training, mercy projects, and parenting classes in Managua, Leon, Los Braziles, La Concha, El Corozal, and Nueva Guinea. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Nicaragua during 2019 was \$47,155.
- Russia The Organization provided and delivered services to 891 children, widows, and families including counseling, medical services, food supplies; weekly visits to children's psychiatric hospital in Maikop to provide counseling services, medical intervention, clothing to children; provide food and counseling services to babies and toddlers at children's orphanage in Maikop; programming and foods/medicines for children at orphanages in Sevastopol and Krasnodar. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Russia during 2019 was \$44,600.
- <u>South Sudan</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 1,876 children, widows, and families including orphan care, 2 deep water wells, emergency medical care, and distribution of flood relief supplies. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in South Sudan during 2019 was \$17,163.
- <u>Sri Lanka</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 812 children, widows, and families including orphan care, earthquake relief, distribution of relief supplies, and persecution relief. For security reasons the exact location of projects inside Sri Lanka is not published. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Pakistan during 2019 was \$18,371.
- <u>USA</u> The Organization provided and delivered services to 250 children at a basketball program for underserved community children in Santa Rosa, California. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in the US during 2019 was \$500.
- <u>Zambia</u> The Organization delivered services to 4,312 children, widows, and families affected by HIV/AIDS in Lusaka. We also commenced the construction of a new high school and the program is in the beginning stages. Total cash support for programs in Zambia during 2019 was \$115,335.
- Zimbabwe The Organization provided and delivered services to 1,043 children, widows, and families including feeding programs, mercy projects, and job-training. Total cash grant funding for projects and support in Zimbabwe during 2019 was \$1,950.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. <u>Nature of business and significant accounting policies</u> (Cont.)

- b. <u>Tax Status</u> The Organization is a not-for-profit corporation and is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and state income taxes under California Code Section 23701d. Continuance of such exempt status is subject to compliance with laws and regulations of the taxing authorities. Certain activities considered unrelated to the tax-exempt purpose of the Organization may generate income that is taxable. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization did not generate such income. Accordingly, no provision has been made for income taxes in the Statement of Activities.
- c. <u>Basis of presentation</u> The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Organization reports revenues, expenses, gains/losses and net assets based on the existence or absence of donor restrictions.

The following net assets classifications are used:

Without donor restrictions – net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and are available to cover general operations.

With donor restrictions – net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met by actions of the Organization and/or passage of time. Donor stipulations could also require the assets to be maintained into perpetuity by the Organization.

- d. <u>Fundraising</u> The Organization does not perform fundraising activities as defined under generally accepted accounting principles or Internal Revenue Service. Accordingly, no fundraising expenses are reported in the Statement of Activities.
- e. <u>Fair value measurements</u> Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset. Generally accepted accounting principles established a fair value measurement hierarchy that prioritizes investments based on those assumptions. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Observable inputs) and the lowest priority to an entity's own assumptions (Unobservable inputs). The Organization groups assets at fair value using the following three levels:
 - (i) Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets as reported at the measurement date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. <u>Nature of business and significant accounting policies</u> (Cont.)

- e. Fair value measurements (cont).
 - (ii) Level 2 Other observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, including:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset; and,
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data
 - (iii) Level 3 Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data.
- f. <u>Cash</u> Cash includes cash in checking and savings accounts. All highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less are considered cash and classified under Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.
- g. <u>Investments</u> Investments are reported at fair value with gains and losses reported in the Statement of Activities. Donated investments are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. The Organization reports gains and losses on investments and dividends, interest, and other income in the Statement of Activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the use is limited by donor-imposed restrictions, in which case those amounts are reported as increases or decreases in net assets with donor restrictions. Investment returns are reported net of external and direct internal expenses.

In addition, the Organization holds investments in certain alternative investment funds that calculate net asset value (NAV) per share as a practical expedient. These investments are generally not traded in the active market or available to individual investors. The fair values of these investments are estimated using the NAV per share of the Organization's ownership interest in the funds where it is probable that the investment will be realized at a price other than the NAV. Consistent with the provisions of ASU 2015-07, these investments have not been categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

h. <u>Fixed Assets</u> – Fixed asset which include office furniture and equipment are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. The Organization capitalizes fixed assets with a cost of over \$5,000. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets which range from five to seven years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. <u>Nature of business and significant accounting policies</u> (Cont.)

- i. <u>Contributions and Support</u> The Organization's main source of income is contributions and investment income, which are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the purpose or time of use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to nets assets without donor restrictions and reported as "net assets released from donor restrictions" in the Statement of Activities.
- j. <u>Allocation of Expenses</u> The cost of providing programs and supporting activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the Statement of Functional Expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among programs and supporting services benefited. The expenses that are allocated include payroll and payroll related expenses, employee benefits, occupancy costs, communications, office supplies and expenses. The allocation is based upon estimates and assumptions made by management which consider employee time spent on various functions, and square footage of occupied space.
- k. Endowment Fund Effective January 1, 2009, the State of California adopted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA). The Board of Directors has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization classifies as assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the endowment fund; (b) the original value of subsequent gifts donated to the endowment fund, and (c) additions to the endowment fund in accordance with donor's directions, if any. At December 31, 2019, the Organization has one endowment fund, and the earnings from these assets are used to cover operations that is, both program and support services.

Spending policy – In accordance with UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. General economic condition
- 2. The possible effects of inflation and deflation
- 3. The needs of the Organization and preservation of the endowment assets
- 4. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 5. The role that each investment plays within the overall portfolio
- 6. Other resources of the Organization
- 7. The expected tax consequences, if any, of investment decision or strategies
- 8. The investment policies of the Organization

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 1. <u>Nature of business and significant accounting policies</u> (Cont).

k. Endowment Fund (cont)

The Board of Directors distributes a portion of the Organization's cumulative investment return to cover program and support services with any remaining balance reinvested to create additional assets to support operations in future years and offset potential market declines.

Investment policy – The endowment assets are invested according to the Organization's investment policy, which is designed to preserve principal while earning returns relative to the overall market consistent with a prudent level of risk. Under this policy, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the spending rate, plus aggregated cost of portfolio management plus market fluctuations. To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Organization relies on a total-return strategy in which returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Organization targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on capital appreciation.

In the event the endowment assets fall below the original value of the endowment, the Organization will limit spending/distribution to allow for the increase in fair value of the fund's assets to exceed the original gift value.

- l. <u>Use of Estimates</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- m. New Accounting Pronouncements In 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement: Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement, which modified the disclosures about recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements. Under the new ASU, an entity will be required to disclose transfers into and out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy and purchases and issues of Level 3 assets and liabilities. For investments that calculate net asset value, an entity will be required to disclose the timing of liquidation of an investee's assets and the date when restrictions from redemption might lapse only if the investee has communicated the timing to the entity or announced the timing publicly. The amendments clarify that the measurement uncertainty disclosure is to communicate information about the uncertainty in measurement as of the reporting date. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early application permitted. Management has adopted the provisions of this new standard for the year ended December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 2. Investments and fair values

The table below sets forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy that is explained in Note 1, the Organization's investments measured at fair value as of December, 31, 2019:

	Fair/carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3
Cash & short term funds	40,511,003	\$ 40,437,225	\$ 73,778	\$	-
Mutual funds, equity	1,198,298	562,036	636,262		-
Mutual funds, fixed	6,378,391	4,947,525	1,430,866		-
Alternative investments	7,495,742				
	\$ 55,583,434	\$ 45,946,786	\$ 2,140,906	\$	-

Cash and short-term funds – Level 1 are those investments valued at their face amount because of the short length of time to maturity and the ability to transact at will at the stable net asset value of \$1.00. Level 2 includes fixed income securities and are valued using inputs including interest rates, investment terms and credit rating of the issuers, which are observable but not necessarily readily available.

Mutual funds – Includes investments of which the underlying assets are either equity securities or fixed income assets such as government or corporate bonds. Level 1 mutual funds are actively traded and valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Level 2 mutual fund values are provided by fund managers who use proprietary valuation methods that uses as inputs observed interest rates, yield curves, and prices in active markets for similar assets. The Organizations total value is the net asset value of shares/units held at the end of the year. These investments do not qualify for the practical expedient as defined by ASU 2015-07 and therefore are included in the fair value hierarchy.

Alternative investments – The fair values of these investments are estimated using the NAV of the Organization's share of the fund's net asset value held on the last day of the year. The value is provided by the fund managers/trustees who employ proprietary pricing systems and methodologies that incorporates market quotes of similar assets, third-party pricing methodologies and models, yields, offers and other reference data. These investments qualify for the practical expedient to estimate fair values, therefore are not included in the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 2. <u>Investments and fair values</u> (Cont).

Funds qualifying to be measured at net asset value per share as a practical expedient include:

	 Fair Value
SSGA SP 500 Index Fund	\$ 2,976,825
SSGA US TIPS 0-5 Years Index Fund	1,880,828
SSGA MSCI EAFE Index Fund	1,288,928
SSGA MSCI Emerging Mkts	
Index Fund	914,946
SSGA US REIT Index Fund	 434,215
	\$ 7,495,742

SSGA SP 500 Index Fund - The investment seeks to replicate as closely as possible, before expenses, the performance of the Standard & Poor's 500 Index. The fund invests in common stock of large organizations in various sectors of the U.S. economy. SSGA US TIP 0-5 Years Index Fund - The fund investments in US Treasury notes and seeks to replicate as closely as possible, before expenses, the performance of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) Index over the long term. SSGA MSCI EAFE Index Fund - This fund seeks to measure the equity market performance of developed markets in Europe, Australasia and Far East, by replicating as closely as possible, before expenses, the performance of the MSCI EAFE Index. SSGA MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund - This fund invests in collective investment fund(s), each being an underlying fund which has characteristics consistent with the fund's overall investment objective. The fund seeks to replicate, as closely as possible before expenses, the performance of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. SSGA US REIT Index Fund - Approximately 98.6% of this fund's securities are common stock of real estate organizations based in the USA. This fund seeks an investment return that approximates as closely as practicable, before expenses, the performance of the Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT Index over the long term.

The fair values of all the investment funds above, have been estimated using the net asset value per unit/share of the investments. Each business day is considered to be a valuation date. However, the adjustments in market prices do not necessarily result in changes in the funds fair value. Deposits to and withdrawals from the funds can happen on a daily basis, however the trustee of the fund reserves the right to delay processing a deposit or withdrawal from the fund. In addition, these funds do not have any unfunded commitments due to the operations of these funds and nature of assets held.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 3. Accrued payroll expenses

Unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the Organization. Accrued vacation at December 31, 2019 was \$4,916.

Employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick time. Therefore, no accrual of such benefits is included in the Statements of Financial Position.

Note 4. Fixed assets

Fixed assets include:

Computers & equipment	\$ 14,71 0
Less accumulated depreciation	9,483
	_
	\$ 5,227

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$764.

Note 5. <u>Uncertain tax positions</u>

Income tax benefits are recognized for income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, only when it is determined that the income tax position will more-likely-than-not be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Organization has analyzed tax positions taken for filing with the Internal Revenue Service and the State of California. The Organization believes that income tax positions taken would be sustained upon examination and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Generally, tax returns remain open for federal examination for three years and four years for the State of California, from the date of filing.

The Organization's policy is to classify income tax related interest and penalties, if any, in interest expense and other expenses, respectively. No such expenses were recorded for the years ended December 31, 2019, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 6. Net assets with donor restrictions

As discussed in Note 1, net assets with donor restrictions represent program and time restricted donations that will be used in the future as program expenses are incurred. At December 31, 2019, net assets with donor restrictions included \$87,166 for future expenses in support of the missionary work performed in worldwide; and \$52,170,728 in endowment funds restricted to perpetuity.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of the passage of time:

Program expenses incurred	\$ 110,814
Passage of time	3,495,813
	\$ 3,606,627

Note 7. Endowment funds

The changes in endowment assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Assets with	
	Donor	
	Restrictions	
Endowment assets,		
Beginning of the year	\$	15,000,000
Contributions		37,170,728
Investment income, net:		859,501
		53,030,229
Amounts appropriated for expenditure		(859,501)
Endowment assets, end of year	\$	52,170,728

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 8. Liquidity and availability of financial assets

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets as of December 31, 2019, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of donor-imposed restrictions. Amounts not available include amounts in the endowment fund and those restricted by donors for a specific program.

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,768
Investments	55,583,434
	 55,652,202
Less assets unavailable for general	
expenditures within one year:	
Restricted by donor with purpose restrictions	(87,166)
Investments – Endowment assets	 (52,170,728)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for	
general expenditures within one year	\$ 3,394,308

Annual earnings from the endowment assets are without donor restrictions and therefore can be used to support general expenditures. The Organization's goal is to have a budget which is covered by available resources equal to contributions and estimated investment earnings.

Note 9. Bequest

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization received additional distributions from the Rouse Family Living Trust amounting to \$37,804,836. Of this amount \$37,170,728 was considered the corpus of the bequest and therefore added to the endowment fund to be held in perpetuity as required by the donor. The balance of \$634,108 were earnings – interest, dividends and capital gains accumulated as of December 31, 2019 from assets held in the trust. Management estimates an additional bequest of \$1million in 2020 and thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 10. Related Party transactions

The Organization rents office space from an entity where a board member is an owner. The lease agreement was approved by the board. It is on a month-to-month basis and requires monthly rent of \$1,200. Total rent paid during the year totaled \$14,400.

The Organization receives contributions from Board members in the normal course of business. While important, the total amounts received during the year ended December 31, 2019, did not cause undue influence in the operations or the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 11. Prior year adjustment

Beginning net assets amounts were adjusted to reflect donor restrictions. This was a reclassification of amounts from net assets without donor restrictions to net assets with donor restrictions and had no effect on the total net assets.

Note 12. <u>Subsequent events</u>

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management to November 9, 2020 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Since December 2019, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted the U.S. economy and disrupted businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Stock markets in particular have experienced great volatility. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus are expected to continue and this will impact the rate of economic recovery. Consequently, it is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of COVID-19 consequences to the operations of the Organization for future periods.